5.0 psig or 1.5 times the cargo tank MAWP, and the inspection pressure must be the cargo tank MAWP.

(c) Leakage test. Cargo tanks equipped with vapor collection equipment may be leakage tested in accordance with the Environmental Protection Agency's "Method 27—Determination of Vapor Tightness of Gasoline Delivery Tank Using Pressure-Vacuum Test," as set forth in 40 CFR part 60, appendix A. Acceptance criteria are found at 40 CFR 60.501 and 60.601.

[Amdt. 178–89, 54 FR 25029, June 12, 1989, as amended at 55 FR 37064, Sept. 7, 1990; Amdt. 178–105, 59 FR 55176, Nov. 3, 1994. Redesignated by Amdt. 178–112, 61 FR 18934, Apr. 29, 1996]

§178.347 Specification DOT 407; cargo tank motor vehicle.

§178.347-1 General requirements.

- (a) Each specification DOT 407 cargo tank motor vehicle must conform to the general design and construction requirements in §178.345 in addition to the specific requirements contained in this section.
- (b) Each tank must be of a circular cross-section and have an MAWP of at least 25 psig.
- (c) Any cargo tank built to this specification with a MAWP greater than 35 psig and each tank designed to be loaded by vacuum must be "constructed and certified in accordance with the ASME Code". The external design pressure for a cargo tank loaded by vacuum must be at least 15 psi.
- (d) Each cargo tank built to this specification with MAWP of 35 psig or less must be "constructed in accordance with the ASME Code" except as modified herein:
- (1) The record-keeping requirements contained in the ASME Code, Section VIII, Division I, do not apply. The inspection requirements of parts UG-90

thru 94 do not apply. Inspection and certification must be made by an inspector registered in accordance with subpart F of part 107.

- (2) Loadings must be as prescribed in $\S 178.347-3$.
- (3) The knuckle radius of flanged heads must be at least three times the material thickness, and in no case less than 0.5 inch. Stuffed (inserted) heads may be attached to the shell by a fillet weld. The knuckle radius and dish radius versus diameter limitations of UG-32 do not apply for cargo tank motor vehicles with a MAWP of 35 psig or less
- (4) Marking, certification, data reports and nameplates must be as prescribed in $\S178.345-14$, 178.347-14, 178.345-15, and 178.347-15.
- (5) Manhole closure assemblies must conform to §§ 178.345–5 and 178.347–5.
- (6) Pressure relief devices must be as prescribed in §§ 178.345-10 and 178.347-10.
- (7) The hydrostatic or pneumatic test must be as prescribed in §§178.345–13 and 178.347–13.
- (8) The following paragraphs in parts UG and UW of the ASME Code, Section VIII, Division I do not apply: UG-11, UG-12, UG-22(g), UG-32(e), UG-34, UG-35, UG-44, UG-76, UG-77, UG-80, UG-81, UG-96, UG-97, UW-13(b)(2), UW-13.1(f), and the dimensional requirements found in Figure UW-13.1.

[Amdt. 178–89, 54 FR 25029, June 12, 1989, as amended at 55 FR 37064, Sept. 7, 1990; Amdt. 178–89, 56 FR 27877, June 17, 1991]

§178.347-2 Material and thickness of material.

(a) The type and thickness of material for DOT 407 specification cargo tanks must conform to §178.345-2 and this section. In no case may the thickness be less than that indicated in tables I and II below.

TABLE I—MINIMUM THICKNESS OF HEADS (OR BULKHEADS AND BAFFLES WHEN USED AS TANK REINFORCEMENT) USING MILD STEEL (MS), HIGH STRENGTH LOW ALLOY STEEL (HSLA), AUSTENITIC STAINLESS STEEL (SS) OR ALUMINUM (AL)—EXPRESSED IN DECIMALS OF AN INCH AFTER FORMING

Volume capacity in gallons per inch	10 or less	Over 10 to 14	Over 14 to 18	Over 18 to 22	Over 22 to 26	Over 26 to 30	Over 30
Thickness (MS) Thickness (HSLA)	0.100 0.100	0.100 0.100	0.115 0.115	0.129 0.129	0.129 0.129	0.143 0.143	0.156 0.156
Thickness (SS)	0.100	0.100	0.115	0.129	0.123	0.143	0.156